# ESCWA GENDER STATISTICS PROGRAMME

**Economic And Social Commission For Western Asia** 





Gender statistics inform policy and programme decisions, and are critical for effective monitoring and analyses of gender gains and gaps. The need and demand for gender statistics at the national, regional and global level for systematic mainstreaming of a gender perspective within national statistical systems and in the production of gender statistics remain unmet in many areas.

Implemented by the Statistical Policy and Coordination Unit at the Statistics Division of ESCWA with key partners





# Catalogue for Arab Gender Statistics activities

**Publications** 

#### The Arab Gender Gap Report

Gender Equality and the Sustainable Development Goals

#### **Gender Lens 2019**





# VAW Toolkit 2019



## **VAW Portal**

Algeria (VAW survey 2006),

Comoros (DHS 2012),

Egypt (ECGBVS 2015 and DHS 2014)

Iraq (IWISH 2011)

Jordan (DHS 2017-2018)

Libya (PAPFAM 2014)

Mauritania (VAW survey 2011)

Morocco (VAW survey 2009 and DHS 2018)

Qatar (VAW survey 2006)

State of Palestine (Violence survey in Palestinian

Society 2019 and Domestic Violence Survey 2005-

2006)

The Sudan (VAW survey 2009)

The Syrian Arab Republic (VAW survey 2009)

Tunisia (VAW survey 2010)



13

countries

in the region have

conducted a

**VAW** 

Survey

## **TUS Portal**

**Algeria (2000)** 



Egypt (2015)

**Iraq (2007)** 

countries

Morocco (1997 and 2012)

in the region have

Oman (2000 and 2008)

conducted a

**Qatar (2013)** 

Time Use Survey

State of Palestine (2000 & 2012/2013) Tunisia (2006)



### E-Handbook on SDG Framework and Metadata



#### Gender-relevant SDG indicators (80 indicators)

(updated on 14 Mar 2018)

Many of the 232 SDG indicators require disaggregation by sex or relate to gender issues, such as maternal health and violence against women and girls. There are 80 gender-related indicators in the SDG and the table below summarises which indicators are gender-related under each goal.

Goal		Gender-related indicator(s)				
1 NO POVERTY	1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day	1.1.1 Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)				
	1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in	1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age				



#### **Integrated Gender Statistics Toolkit**



FLYER – A/E VIDEO – A/E



### **National Workshops/Seminars**

# Tunis National seminar on the Integrated Toolkit for Gender Statistics

Morocco National seminar on the Integrated Toolkit for Gender Statistics

<u>Iraq second national training workshop to improve use of gender statistics</u>

Egypt national training workshop to improve use of gender statistics, March 2019



#### **Meetings and Workshops**

Regional Workshop on Measurement of Sustainable Development Goals on VAW and TUS Indicators, 2018

5th IAEG-GS in the Arab Countries, October 2018

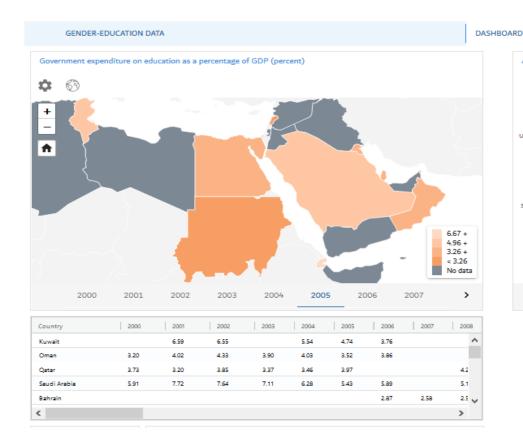
Meeting on the Planning and Implementation of Prevalence Surveys on VAW in the Arab Region, October 2019

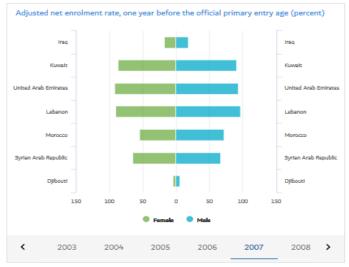


#### **GENDER DATABASE & DASHBOARD**

# 22 ARAB COUNTRIES -NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONA DATA >200 COMPARABLE INDICARORS SDA BPfA CRPD HR

Gender-Education Export D or D







### Assessment of country data

- Discrepancy with international source
  - Assessing metadata: source, definition and calc

Indicator	Series Description	Source type	Age group	Location	Sex	Unit	Unit multi	1989 FN	1990 FN
5.5.1	Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments	Not available	All age rang	Total	Female	Percent	Units		
									11.6 ICR
5.5.1/N	Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments		All age rang	g Total	Female	Percent	Units		13.2 MDGR
<i>I</i> '									10.8 W & M

- Discrepancy in national reporting
  - Establishing official source of indicator

Indicator Ref	Series Description	FN	1999	FN	2000 FN	2005 FN	2006 FN	2007 FN	N 2008 FN
	Percentage of children aged 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following domains: literacy-numeracy, physical development, social-emotional development and learning								
4.2.1/N	Percentage of children aged 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following domains: literacy-numeracy, physical development, social-emotional development and learning				MICS 2000		MICS 2006		

- Availability in Global SDG DB
  - Engaging with custodian agency

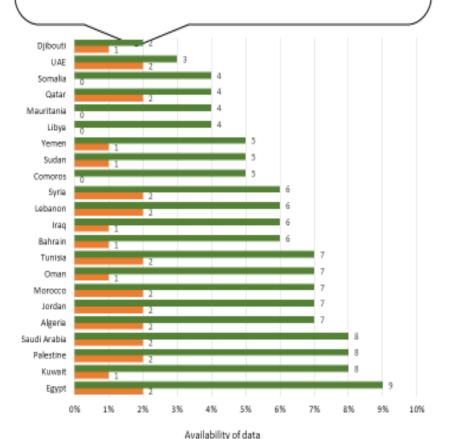
# Assessment of data disaggregation

2018

Tier I sex-disaggregated - 18 indicators

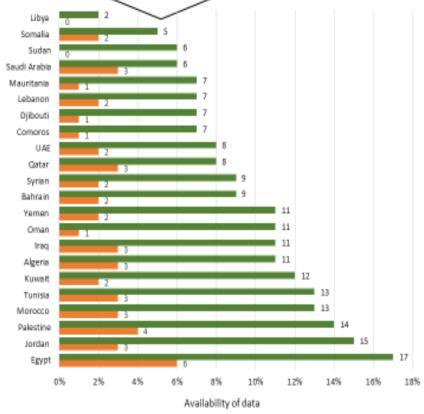
2017

- Highest Egypt 9% however only 2% is disaggregated
- Lowest Djibouti 2%, & 1% is disaggregated by sex
- Regional average gender related indicators is 6%;
   and only 1% is disaggregated by sex



■ Bothsex ■ Sex-disaggregated

- Tier I sex-disaggregated 36 indicators increased
- Highest Egypt sex disaggregation increased 2%-6%
- Djibouti & Libya no change in sex disaggregation
- Regional average for gender related indicators increased to 10%, and sex disaggregated decreased to 2%



■ Bothsex ■ Sex disaggregated





#### 2020-2021

6th IAEG-GS in the Arab Countries

2nd round of TOTs on Gender Statistics Toolkit

E-learning on SDG5

**ICATUS** in Arabic

Advisory services and workshops

#### **THANK YOU**

Economic And Social Commission For Western Asia

